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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/697,203	10/26/2000	Lester J. Kozlowski	24096.00500	3715
7590 03/29/2004			EXAMINER	
Doyle B. Johnson			YE, LIN	
CROSBY, HEAFEY, ROACH & MAY P.O. Box 7936			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
San Francisco, CA 94120-7936			2612	
			DATE MAILED: 03/29/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Art Unit: 2612

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S. C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Watanabe et al. U.S. Patent 6,166,767 in view of Kozlowski et al. International Publication WO 99/53683.

Referring to claim 1, the Watanabe reference discloses in Figures 1,6-9, an active pixel sensor circuit comprising: a photodetector (photoelectric conversion 101); an access transistor (transfer transistor 102) connected to the photodetector; an amplifier transistor (103) connected to an output of the access transistor and to a signal output bus; and a reset transistor (105) connected between the access transistor (102) and the amplifier transistor (103) (See Col. 1, lines 27-42, Col. 2, lines 9-10 and Col. 7, lines 62-67). However, the reference does not explicitly shows wherein the reset transistor is reset with a tapered reset signal.

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The Kozlowski reference discloses in Figures 4, and 10, an active pixel sensor circuit comprising: reset transistor (16), wherein the reset transistor is reset with a tapered reset signal by tapered reset supply circuit (50). The Kozlowski reference is an evidence that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to see more advantages for providing a low noise amplifier system by supplying a tapered reset signal to reset transistor thereby nulling the photodiode reset noise. For that reason, it would have been obvious to see the reset transistor is reset with a tapered reset signal disclosed by Watanabe.

Referring to claim 2, the Watanabe reference discloses the CMOS active pixel sensor circuit can have difference configurations. The Kozlowski reference discloses the transistors are MOSFETs. However, the both reference does not explicitly states the transistors are MOSFETs of identical polarity (called Enhancement Mode). Office Notice is taken that both the concept and the advantages of providing the MOSFETs of identical polarity (called Enhancement Mode) transistors in the CMOS active pixel sensor circuit are well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to have the MOSFETs of identical polarity transistors in Kozlowski as theses transistors are built without a channel and does not conduct current when V_{GS}=0 (as V_{GS} changes polarity) and increasing forward bias forms a channel that conducts current (e.g., the applicant's prior art also discloses the MOSFETs of identical polarity transistors in CMOS active pixel sensor circuit as shown in Figure 1).

Referring to claim 3, the Watanabe reference discloses a first column buffer (e.g., including transistors 13, 152, 151 and capacitor 149 in Figure 1) connected to the reset and amplifier transistors (105 and 103 in Figure 6).

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Referring to claim 4, the Watanabe reference discloses a second column buffer (e.g., including transistors 155, 156, 157) connected to signal output bus (OS) as shown in Figure 1.

Referring to claim 5, the Watanabe reference discloses a row disable transistor (row select transistor 104 responses to the pulse voltages Φx) connected to the reset transistor (105) as shown in Figure 6 (See Col. 8, lines 19-23).

Referring to claim 6, the Watanabe reference discloses wherein the first column buffer, second column buffer and row disable transistor are connected to a plurality of active pixel sensor circuits as shown in Figure 1.

Referring to claim 7, the Watanabe reference discloses wherein the amplifier transistor operates as a driver of a source follower amplifier (amplification sections 132) when a signal from the photodetector is being read out on a row-by-row basis, and operates as a driver of a reset amplifier when the photodetector is being reset (See Col. 8, lines 19-28).

Referring to claim 8, the Watanabe and Kozlowski references disclose all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 1.

Referring to claim 9, the Watanabe and Kozlowski references disclose all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 1.

Referring to claim 10, the Watanabe and Kozlowski references disclose all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 1, and the Watanabe reference discloses the access MOSFET (102) having a source connected to the photodetector (101); an amplifier MOSFET (103) having a gate connected to a drain of the access MOSFET (102), and source connected to s signal bus (common signal line 154 in figure 1), and drain

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connected to a column buffer through VD (the Kozlowski reference also discloses in Figures 5 and 6); and reset MOSFET having a source connected to the drain of the access MOSFET (102), a drain connected to a column buffer through VD and a gate connected to a tapered reset signal generator (the Kozlowski reference also discloses in Figure 4).

Referring to claim 11, the Watanabe and Kozlowski references disclose all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 5, and the Kozlowski reference discloses a row disable MOSFET having a source connected to the drain of the reset MO'SFET and a drain connected to a row disable signal generator as shown in Figures 4-6.

Referring to claim 12, the Watanabe reference discloses wherein an access signal generator (the send pulse voltages Φ T) connected to the gate of the access MOSFET (102) in Figure 6.

Referring to claim 13, the Watanabe and Kozlowski references disclose all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 4.

Referring to claim 14, the Watanabe and Kozlowski references disclose all subject matter as discussed with respected to same comment as with claim 2.

Referring to claim 15, the Kozlowski reference discloses wherein the photodetector comprises a substrate diode with the silicide cleared (See Page 9, lines 1-6).

Conclusion

 The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Art Unit: 2612

a. Brehmer et al. U.S 6,130,423 discloses in Figure 6, a CMOS image sensor circuit halving distributed amplifier is disclosed.

b. Kozlowski et al. WO 00/55919 discloses a APS CMOS image sensor having a MOSFETs of identical polarity transistors.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lin Ye whose telephone number is (703) 305-3250. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wendy R Garber can be reached on (703) 305-4929.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, DC. 20231

Or faxed to:

(703) 872-9306

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 11, 2121 Crystal drive,

Arlington, VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Lin Ye

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March 19, 2004

WENDY R. GARBER
WENDY RATENT EXAMINER
SUPERVISORY PATENT 2600

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summany	09/697,203	KOZLOWSKI, LESTER J.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Lin Ye	2612			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Oc	tober 2000				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	(parte Quayre, 1995 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.					
7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
•					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 October 2000</u> is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Dat				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4.5</u> .	5)	tent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Trademark Office	, 				
FOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office Action	on Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 6			